

# EXPLANATION OF HOW KEY ELEMENTS OF THE BENCHMARK METHODOLOGY REFLECT ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL, AND GOVERNANCE (ESG) FACTORS

Solactive ISS ESG Asia ex Japan Small Cap Index TR



This document provides an explanation of how the key elements of the benchmark methodology reflect ESG factors. It is compiled in accordance with the requirements of point (d) of Article 13 (1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2016 (the "Benchmarks Regulation") and of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1817.

#### **General Information**

| Name of the benchmark administrator   | Solactive AG                                       |
|---|--|
| Type of benchmark or family of benchmarks   | Equity   |
| Name of the benchmark or family of benchmarks   | Solactive ISS ESG Asia ex Japan Small Cap Index TR |
| Does the benchmark methodology for<br>the benchmark or family of benchmarks<br>take into account ESG factors? | Yes  |

#### ESG Factors Applied in the Benchmark Methodology

| List of environmental factors considered | > Exclusion of companies with verified ongoing failure to respect established international norms. The core normative framework consists of the Principles of the UN Global Compact and the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises.   |
|--|--|
|  | Exclusion of companies generating revenues (in proportion to their total<br>revenues) >50% from services in the sector of fossil fuels or >5% from pro-<br>duction or >5% from distribution or >5% from exploration of fossil fuels.   |
|  | Exclusion of companies generating revenues from the production or ex-<br>ploration of oil sands.   |
| List of social factors considered        | Exclusion of companies with verified ongoing failure to respect established<br>international norms. The core normative framework consists of the Prin-<br>ciples of the UN Global Compact, the OECD Guidelines for Multinational<br>Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles for Business and Human Rights.   |
|  | Exclusion of companies incorporated in countries identified with high so-<br>cial risk if the respective company's state ownership exceeds 50% or the<br>company exhibits alleged failure to respect established international norms<br>The core normative framework consists of the Principles of the UN Global<br>Compact, the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN<br>Guiding Principles for Business and Human Rights. |
|  | Exclusion of companies with verified ongoing involvement in the area of<br>controversial weapons (including chemical, biological and nuclear weapons<br>(both under and outside the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear<br>Weapons), depleted uranium munitions, cluster munitions, and anti-personn<br>mines).   |
|  | Exclusion of companies generating revenues (in proportion to their total<br>revenues) >50% from services or >5% from production or >5% from distri-<br>bution in the sector of military equipment.   |
|  | Exclusion of companies generating revenues (in proportion to their total revenues) >5% in the sector of pornography.   |

|                                       | <ul> <li>Exclusion of companies generating revenues from the production of pornog-<br/>raphy.</li> </ul>   |
|---------------------------------------|--|
|                                       | Exclusion of companies generating revenues (in proportion to their total<br>revenues) >50% from services or >5% from distribution in the sector of<br>tobacco.   |
|                                       | <ul> <li>Exclusion of companies generating revenues from the production of to-<br/>bacco.</li> </ul>   |
|                                       | Exclusion of companies generating revenues (in proportion to their total<br>revenues) >50% from services or >5% from production or >5% from distri-<br>bution in the sector of gambling.   |
|                                       | Exclusion of companies generating revenues (in proportion to their total<br>revenues) >50% from services or >5% from production or >5% from distri-<br>bution in the sector of alcohol.  |
|                                       | Exclusion of companies generating revenues (in proportion to their total<br>revenues) >50% from services or >5% from production or >5% from distri-<br>bution in the sector of cannabis.   |
| List of governance factors considered | > Exclusion of companies with verified ongoing failure to respect established<br>international norms. The core normative framework consists of the Prin-<br>ciples of the UN Global Compact, the OECD Guidelines for Multinational<br>Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles for Business and Human Rights. |

### Data and Standards used

| Data Input                       | The data used to construct the index is sourced externally from ISS   |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Verification and quality of data | The provider of ESG-related data input is selected by the Administrator based<br>on an assessment of its existing processes in order to ensure the reliability<br>and representativeness of the ESG-related data. The data provider has<br>established processes in accordance with accepted and established market<br>standards that ensure the permanent quality and reliability of the ESG-data<br>provided. |
| Reference standards              | International standards referenced by the index methodology are listed in the respective section above.   |
| Information updated on           | 23/02/2024  |
| Reason for update:               | Initial document creation.  |



## CONTACT

#### Solactive AG German Index Engineering

Platz der Einheit 1 60327 Frankfurt am Main Germany

 Tel.:
 +49 (0) 69 719 160 00

 Fax:
 +49 (0) 69 719 160 25

 Email:
 info@solactive.com

 Website:
 www.solactive.com

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