# Index Methodology Guide for the FactSet China Robotics and Artificial Intelligence Index $^{\text{TM}}$

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# **Index Introduction and Objective**

#### 1.1 Index Overview

The FactSet China Robotics and Artificial Intelligence Index is an equity benchmark designed to track the performance of Chinese companies that are focusing on productizing and developing hardware and software products that can perform task with precision and automation. The index seeks to capture main players throughout the robotics and artificial intelligence value chain, including industrial automation machineries, Al software, and robotics makers.

The FactSet China Robotics and Artificial Intelligence Index is a float-adjusted, modified market capitalization weighted index reconstituted and rebalanced semi-annually.

The FactSet China Robotics and Artificial Intelligence Index is calculated and maintained by Solactive AG – the Calculation Agent – based on a methodology developed by FactSet. It is calculated on a price return, total return and net total return basis in offshore China Renminbi (RMB) in CNH. The price return, total return and net total return values of the Index are calculated on real-time and an end-of-day basis, from Monday to Friday 1:00 a.m. to 10:50p.m. CET (Central European Time).

Whenever possible, constituent changes to the index are announced five business days before becoming effective.

### 1.2 Inception Date and Base Value

The Index Inception Date was September 22, 2017 with a base value of 100.00. The inception date refers to when the first back-tested index value was calculated. The back test is based on a similar methodology used to calculate the index when it was officially launched on July 30, 2020.

#### 1.3 Index Valuation Days

Index Valuation Days are business days, Monday to Friday.

#### 1.4 Commencement Date

The index commencement date was July 30, 2020. Commencement date refers to when the index was officially launched with continuous and end-of-day calculations.

# 1.5 Reconstitution and Rebalance Schedule

The index is reconstituted and rebalanced semi-annually after the close of the 4<sup>th</sup> Friday of September and March each year ("Reconstitution Day" and "Rebalance Day").

If any of the existing or new index components is not trading on Reconstitution Day/Rebalance Day due to an exchange holiday, the reconstitution/rebalance is moved to the next business day.

The data used to reconstitute and rebalance the index is as of the close of 2<sup>nd</sup> Friday in September and March ("Selection Day"). Subsequent adjustment to the index composition may be made to account for corporate actions that occur between the Selection Day and the Reconstitution Day or Rebalance Day.

# **Index Construction**

# 2.1 Constituent Selection and Weighting Schema

- 1. The securities are issued by companies which are either headquartered or incorporated in China or Hong Kong and are listed on one of the following stock exchanges: Hong Kong Stock Exchange, Shanghai Stock Connect, Shenzhen Stock Connect, NYSE, and NASDAQ<sup>1</sup>.
- The securities are common stocks or ADRs.
- The securities have a minimum three-month Average Daily Trading Value (ADTV) of HKD \$20
  million. Existing constituent may remain in the index if its three-month ADTV is greater than
  HKD \$15 million.
- 4. The securities are further categorized into two categories: (i) Industrial Automation Machineries and Robotics Makers or (ii) Artificial Intelligence Software.
  - For (i) Industrial Automation Machineries and Robotics Makers, select securities classified to one of the following FactSet Revere Business Industry Classification Systems Focus ("RBICS Focus") at its Level 6 Subindustries, and they must also mention keywords related to Automation and Robotics in either their FactSet Company Descriptions (part of the FactSet Fundamentals dataset) or their Business Overview section in annual report filings. These keywords are subject to regular review and revision by FactSet.
    - 3D Modeling/Rapid Prototyping Automation Providers
    - Closed Circuit Television (CCTV) Systems/Products
    - Industrial Robots and Robotic Assembly Line Makers
    - Machine Vision and Quality Control Manufacturing
    - Mechanical Power Transmission (MPT) Manufacturing
    - Motion Control and Precision Motors Manufacturing
    - Multi-Industry-Specific Factory Machinery Makers
    - Other Automation Support Product Manufacturing
    - Mixed Industrial Electrical Product Manufacturing
    - Paper and Textile Automation Providers
    - Power Module and Subassembly Electronic Components<sup>2</sup>
    - Powertrain Manufacturing
    - Laser and Optical Instrument Manufacturing
    - Mixed Industrial Machinery Parts/Equipment Makers
    - Diversified Industrial Manufacturing
    - General Factory Automation Makers
    - Photovoltaic Power Module/Subassembly Components

- Alternative Energy Transit Vehicles Makers
- Automotive and Marine Electronics Manufacturing
- Embedded Automotive Software
- Vehicle Autonomous Control Electronics Makers
- Vehicle Autonomous Control Software
- Household Robot Makers

<sup>1</sup>Securities whose headquarter or country of incorporation are in offshore financial centers (OFCs) as recognized by regulatory authorities, such as the Cayman Islands, British Virgin Islands (BVI), Bermuda, Switzerland, and Ireland and are listed in Hong Kong, Shanghai Stock Connect, and Shenzhen Stock Connect are also eligible.

<sup>2</sup>Securities must be classified as focused in 'Technology > Electronic Components > Module/Subassembly > Power > Power Assembly' based on Revere Hierarchy.

For (ii) Artificial Intelligence Software, securities must be classified as RBICS Focus to one of the following Level 6 Subindustries, and they must also mention of keywords related to Artificial Intelligence in either their FactSet Company Descriptions (part of the FactSet Fundamentals dataset) or their Business Overview section in annual report filings. These keywords are subject to regular review and revision by FactSet.

- Artificial Intelligence Productivity Software
- General and Mixed-Type Software
- Network Design and Implementation Consulting
- Operating Systems Software
- Productivity Software
- Web Search Sites and Software
- Software Development Software
- 5. Securities are further ranked within their RBICS Level 6 Subindustries according to their Total Market Capitalization, and the top 5 ranked per Subindustries are kept.
- 6. If a company has multiple share classes, only include the most liquid issue based on the highest three-month ADTV on Selection Day.
- 7. For securities that remain after Step 1 to 6, rank securities' free float adjusted market capitalization, in descending order. Select up to the top 25 ranked securities. The index shall have a maximum of 25 securities and a minimum of 15 securities following this ranking selection schema.
- 8. Tabulate the number of securities with an LTM return on equity (ROE) less than 0. These securities will be capped at no more than 25% of the total index constituents (e.g., if the index has 25 constituents, a maximum of 6 can have negative ROE).

If the proportion exceeds 25%, remove securities with the smallest free float adjusted market capitalization first and replace them with securities that have positive LTM ROE and the largest free float adjusted market capitalization, not already selected in Step 7.

- 9. Apply the free float adjusted modified market capitalization weighting methodology to securities that remain after Steps 1 to 8 by dividing their individual float-adjusted market capitalization to the sum float-adjusted market capitalization of all securities.
  - Individual security weights are capped at 7.0%, and excess weights are redistributed proportionally among remaining uncapped securities. If this redistribution leads to additional security weights exceeding 7.0%, the aforementioned redistribution process is repeated iteratively until no security weight exceeds 7.0%.
- 10. If the number of securities is less than 15 after the aforementioned step 1 to 8, the list of Robotics and AI-related Level 6 Subindustries in Step 4 and 5 shall be expanded based on consultation with the FactSet Index Committee and this Index Methodology will be updated to reflect the expanded list of Subindustries.

In addition to the above selection schema, FactSet may at its discretion and in consultation with index licensee, modify one or more selection criterion to ensure relevant and timely capture of the theme. Any modifications shall be announced 60 days prior to annual Reconstitution Day or as early as feasible.

#### 2.2 Index Return Formulas

The price, total and net total returns levels of the index are calculated using the following formulas.

$$I_{(t)} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} S_{i(t)} \times P_{i(t)} \times FX_{i(t)}}{D_{(t)}}$$

where:

 $I_{(t)}$  = Index value on Index Valuation Day (t)

 $oldsymbol{D_{(t)}}$  = Divisor on Index Valuation Day (t)

n = Number of stocks in the index

 $P_{i(t)}$  = Closing price of stock (i) on Index Valuation Day (t)

 $S_{i(t)}$  = Number of allocated shares of stock (i) on Index Valuation Day (t)

 $FX_{i(t)}$  = WM Reuters FX rate published at 4:00pm London time on Index Valuation Day (t) required to convert closing price of stock (i) in index currency, RMB.

and on Inception Date, where (t) = 0, the initial divisor is calculated as follows:

$$D_{(0)} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} S_{i(0)} \times P_{i(0)} \times FX_{i(0)}}{I_{(0)}}$$

where:

 $I_{(0)}$  = Price Returns Index value on Index Inception Date

 $D_{(0)}$  = Divisor on Index Inception Date

**n** = Number of stocks in the index on Index Inception Date

 $P_{i(0)}$  = Price of stock (i) on Index Inception Date

 $S_{i(0)}$  = Number of allocated shares of stock (i) on Index Inception Date

 $FX_{i(t)}$  = WM Reuters FX rate published at 4:00pm London time on Index Inception Date required to convert closing price of stock (i) in index currency, RMB.

Allocated shares ("S") are the number of shares required for each constituent such that all constituents are float-adjusted modified market capitalization weighted. Allocated shares ("S") would be adjusted accordingly to account for Corporate Actions.

Net total return is calculated to account for the effect of tax withholding on dividends by adjusting dividend taken out due to tax payment.

#### 2.3 Index Divisor Adjustments

From time to time, the index divisor is adjusted to account for corporate actions that could distort index value and continuity using the following formula:

$$D_{(t+1)} = D_{(t)} \times \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} AS_{i(t+1)} \times AP_{i(t+1)} \times FX_{i(t)}}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} S_{i(t)} \times P_{i(t)} \times FX_{i(t)}}$$

where:

 $oldsymbol{D_{(t+1)}}$  = Divisor for Index Valuation Day (t+1) after CA and rebal adjustment

 $D_{(t)}$  = Divisor for Index Valuation Day (t)

 $AP_{i(t+1)}$  = Adjusted price of stock (i) calculated for open on Index Valuation Day (t+1) after CA

adjustment

 $P_{i(t)}$  = Closing price of stock (i) on Index Valuation Day (t)

 $S_{i(t)}$  = Number of allocated shares of stock (i) on Index Valuation Day (t)

 $AS_{i(t+1)}$  = Adjusted number of allocated shares of stock (i) for open on Index Valuation Day (t+1)

after CA adjustment.

Divisor adjustments are generally implemented on the date the corporate action becomes effective, such that for example, the ex-dividend date rather than the payment date is used to time the divisor adjustment.

Find below a detailed calculation for AP, AS, and S in case of corporate actions and rebalancing.

 $AP_{i(t)}$  = Adjusted price of stock (i) is determined for the open on Index Valuation Day (t) shall mean:

- If index constituent opens ex-date in respect of the corporate action, then  $AP_{i(t)}$  is determined as per Corporate Action Adjustment Section.
- Otherwise

$$AP_{i(t)} = P_{i(t-1)}$$

 $S_{i(t)}$  = Number of allocated shares of stock (i) on Index Valuation date (t) is determined as

$$S_{i(t)} = AS_{i(t)}$$

- $AS_{i(t)}$  = Adjusted number of allocated shares of stock (i) for open on Index Valuation Day (t) after CA adjustment is determined as:
  - If such day opens immediately following the Rebalancing Day (t-1) and if:
    - index constituent opens ex-date in respect to corporate action, then  $AS_{i(t)}$  is determined as per Corporate Action Adjustment Section with  $S_{i(t-1)}$  replace with:

$$S_{i(t-1)} = \frac{I_{(t-1)} \times Weight_{i(t-1)}}{P_{i(t-1)} \times FX_{i(t-1)}}$$

• index constituent does not opens ex-date in respect to corporate action, then  $AS_{i(t)}$  is determined as:

$$AS_{i(t)} = \frac{I_{(t-1)} \times Weight_{i(t-1)}}{P_{i(t-1)} \times FX_{i(t-1)}}$$

- On any other day:
  - index constituent opens ex-date in respect to corporate action, then  $AS_{i(t)}$  is determined as per Corporate Action Adjustment Section
  - Otherwise:

$$AS_{i(t)} = S_{i(t-1)}$$

where  $Weight_{i(t-1)}$  is determined as per Section 2.1.

## 2.4 Corporate Action Adjustments

#### **Special Cash Dividend:**

$$AP_{i,t} = P_{i,t-1} - D_{i,t} \times FX_{d,t-1}$$

Where

t = Index Valuation Date (t) is ex-date for corporate action.

**D**<sub>i,t</sub> = Dividend amount corresponding to stock (i) with ex-date (t).

 $FX_{d,t-1}$  = WM Reuters FX rate published at 4:00pm London time fixing on Index Valuation Day (t-1) required to convert dividend amount in underlying stock currency, RMB.

#### **Spin-off Adjustment**

On effective date, the spun-off security will be added to Index with a Price of 0 and the price of the parent company will remain unchanged.

$$AP_{i,t,s} = P_{i,t-1} - P_{f,t-1} \times Share Ratio_{f,t} \times FX_{i,t-1}$$

Where

 $P_{f,t-1}$  = Closing price of Spin-off stock on Index Valuation Date (t-1).

 $FX_{j,t-1}$  = WM Reuters FX rate published at 4:00pm London time on Index Valuation Day (t-1) required to convert price of spun-off company to constituent stock currency, RMB.

#### **Rights Issue Adjustment**

$$AP_{j,t} = \frac{P_{j,t-1} + C_{j,t} \times Share Ratio_{j,t}}{1 + Share Ratio_{j,t}}$$

$$AS_{j,t} = S_{j,t-1} \times (1 + Share Ratio_{j,t})$$

Where

**C**<sub>i,t</sub> = Official tender price.

# **Stock Splits Adjustment**

$$AP_{j,t} = \frac{P_{j,t-1}}{Share\ Ratio_{j,t}}$$

$$AS_{j,t} = S_{j,t-1} \times Share\ Ratio_{j,t}$$

# Stock distribution

$$\mathsf{AP}_{\mathsf{j},\mathsf{t}} \mathsf{=} \mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{j},\mathsf{t}^{-1}} \, \mathsf{x} \, \, \frac{\mathsf{1}}{\mathsf{1} \mathsf{+} \mathsf{Share} \, \mathsf{Ratio}_{\mathsf{j},\mathsf{t}}}$$

$$AS_{j,t}=S_{j,t-1} x (1+Share Ratio_{j,t})$$

# **Index Maintenance**

Constituent changes may occur between review periods due to corporate events that disqualify their eligibility for index inclusion. Adjustments to corporate events are described below:

# 3.1 Corporate Actions – Delisting

A constituent is removed immediately after being delisted from its primary markets.

# 3.2 Corporate Actions – Merger or Acquisition

If a merger or acquisition results in one constituent acquiring another, the acquiring company remains a constituent, and the acquired company is removed. If a non-constituent acquires a constituent, the acquired constituent is removed. If a constituent acquires a non-constituent, the acquiring constituent remains a constituent.

# 3.3 Corporate Actions – Spin-off

If a constituent spins or splits off a portion of its business, both the spun-off company and the parent company (the entity representing the existing constituent) will be kept in the index, and be considered for removal from the index at the next Reconstitution or Rebalance Day should they fail to meet the eligibility criteria in Section 2.1.

#### 3.4 Corporate Actions – Bankruptcy

If a constituent is delisted after bankruptcy, it will be removed immediately with a price of 0 from the index.

# **Index Calculation and Data Correction**

#### 4.1 Index Calculation

Price, total and net total return values for the FactSet China Robotics and Artificial Intelligence Index are calculated by Solactive AG. The price, total and net total return values are calculated on a continuous and end-of-day basis by using the trading price for each component in the index from relevant exchanges and markets. Index values are rounded to 2 decimal places and divisors are rounded to 6 decimal places.

If trading in a stock is suspended prior to the market opening, the stock's adjusted closing price from the previous day will be used in the index calculation until trading commences. If trading in a stock is suspended while the relevant market is open, the official closing price published by relevant exchange for that stock will be used for all subsequent index calculations until trading resumes.

In case of exceptional market conditions disrupting normal closing auction, or causing official closing prices not being available, Solactive and FactSet reserve the right to utilize other prices in the calculation of the official closing level.

#### 4.2 Data Correction

Incorrect index constituent data, corporate action data, or index divisors will be corrected upon detection. If such errors are discovered within five days of occurrence, they will be corrected retroactively on the day of discovery. If discovered after five days, corrective actions will be decided based on the errors' significance and feasibility of a correction.

#### 4.3 Decision Making in Undocumented Events

A FactSet Index Committee consisting of select employees of FactSet Research Systems Inc. is responsible for amending rules as documented in the Index Methodology Guide due to undocumented or extraordinary events.

# **Additional Information**

#### **5.1** Contact Information

FactSet Research Systems Inc. One Sansome St. Suite 2070 San Francisco, CA 94104

Contact: GoIndexing@factset.com

# 5.2 Sanctions Affecting Index Inclusion

Sanctions policies may affect investors' ability to transact or hold securities of certain issuers. FactSet monitors and reviews these sanctions' impact on its indices and amends the index rules as appropriate.

The following exclusionary rule is currently in effect:

 Russian Federation: All companies sanctioned by the United States (OFAC)<sup>1</sup> do not qualify for inclusion in FactSet equity indices. In addition, all companies with a Russian Federation country of risk as defined by FactSet, do not qualify for inclusion in FactSet equity indices.

 $\underline{\text{https://home.treasury.gov/policy-issues/financial-sanctions/sanctions-programs-and-country-information/russian-harmful-foreign-activities-sanctions}$ 

https://home.treasury.gov/policy-issues/financial-sanctions/sanctions-programs-and-country-information/belarus-sanctions

# **5.3 Version History**

Version	Release Date	Notes
Version 1.0	July 21, 2020	
Version 2.0	February 26, 2021	
Version 2.1	August 3, 2023	RBICS L6 List Update
Version 2.2	September 13, 2024	RBICS L6 List Update
Version 2.3	February 7, 2025	RBICS L6 Update and ROE Rule Revision
Version 2.4	May 23, 2025	
Version 2.5	August 1, 2025	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://home.treasury.gov/policy-issues/financial-sanctions/sanctions-programs-and-country-information/ukraine-russia-related-sanctions