

BOND MARKET CLASSIFICATION FRAMEWORK

Version 1.5

31 January 2024



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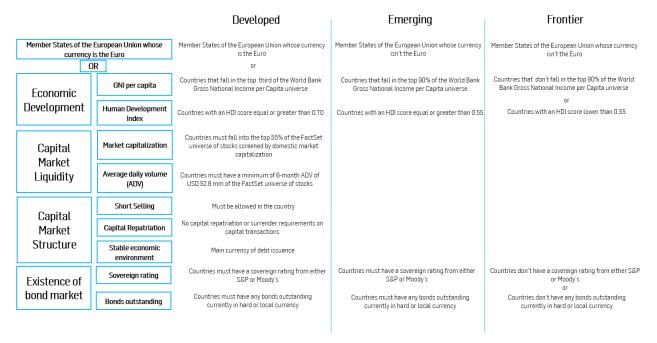
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OVERVIEW

This guideline describes the framework used to classify bond markets according to their respective levels of market development. Based on the framework presented below, countries/markets can be classified as Developed, Emerging or Frontier.

Solactive AG ('**Solactive**') will consider the following factors as criteria for its hard currency (USD and EUR currencies) universe in their annual market development review:



Moreover, the following factors will be considered as criteria for its local currency (domestic currencies different than USD or EUR) universe in their annual market development review:





All countries that do not fall into Developed or Emerging markets according to the above framework, will be considered for classification as Frontier. Countries can only be classified under one category of market development i.e. a country classified as Developed cannot be Emerging or Frontier.

Solactive reviews its Bond Market Classification on an annual basis in September. Countries that used to meet the binding criteria but that do not so at the time of the most recent annual review are considered for reclassification. Intra-annual extraordinary committee meetings will be held to respond to extraordinary events leading to a potential reclassification in between review periods.

2. CRITERIA OF BOND MARKET CLASSIFICATION

According to the present framework, a bond market will be classified automatically as developed if the country is Member State of the European Union whose currency is the Euro. Otherwise, it will be considered for either Emerging or Frontier classification.

2.1. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

GNI per capita is the standard measure used by the World Bank to classify countries according to their income levels. Solactive builds on data provided by the World Bank to measure relative levels of economic development to classify bond markets.

Data source: World Bank www.worldbank.org

According to this framework a bond market will be considered as Developed if its GNI falls in the top third of the universe provided by World Bank and Emerging if its GNI falls on the top 90%. If a country fails to meet this criterion or if its GNI data is not available, it will automatically be classified as Frontier.

The Human Development Index (HDI) is a composite measure of life expectancy, level of education and economic development published annually by the United Nations Development Programme. The UN classifies 189 countries according to their HDI in Very High Human Development (1-0.800), High Human Development (0.700-0.799), Medium Human Development (0.550-0.699), Low Human Development (≤ 0.549) .

Data source: United Nations Human Development Reports hdr.undp.org

Thus, a bond market will be considered for classification as Developed if its HDI score is equal or greater than 0.70 and Emerging if the score is equal or greater than 0.55. If the country does not fulfill this criterion or if data is not available then it will be classified as Frontier.

2.2. CAPITAL MARKET LIQUIDITY

Size and liquidity of markets are typically associated with ease of trade and market efficiency. The degree of country development tends to be associated with larger and more liquid capital markets. For this reason, Solactive calculates the market capitalization of the domestic stock exchanges by taking into account companies' primary listing. This is done in two steps. First, Solactive determines



to which country a company belongs by screening their primary listing. Second, Solactive calculates the combined market cap of all companies that are part of a country. In addition, countries' liquidity is measured by 6-month Average Daily Volume (ADV). According to the above framework, as of September 2023, countries with a minimum market capitalization of USD 37.8 bn can be considered for classification as Developed, and of USD 9.8 bn for classification as Emerging.

Data source: FactSet www.factset.com

2.3. CAPITAL MARKET STRUCTURE

In the context of Developed countries that are not members of the Euro Zone, factors such as short selling and ease of capital movements are assessed in order to understand the sophistication of capital markets.

Short selling, or the possibility of selling a security that is not currently owned by the seller, is relevant for risk management practices. Short selling is associated with market efficiency and gives an indication of the level of development and flexibility of the stock market.

To check for ease of transactions in the global financial economy, the presence of capital repatriation and surrender requirements is investigated. These relate to the obligation of residents to repatriate proceeds of international capital transactions. Countries with less restrictions tend to be more integrated in the global financial economy.

Data source: International Monetary Fund, Annual Report on Exchange Arrangements and Exchange Restrictions – IMF www.imf.org

Additionally, the main currency of debt issues, whether domestic or hard currency, is taken into account, as well as the overall issuance activity. The ability to raise debt capital denominated in domestic currency is an indicator of economic stability of a country. Also, the credit rating of each country is taken into consideration in order to gain more insight into the specific economic environment.

2.4. EXISTENCE OF BOND MARKET

Credit ratings express the issuer's likelihood to fulfill its financial obligations. Moreover, for an issuer to possess a rating, different areas are evaluated to determine creditworthiness, such as: institutional environment, economics prospects, international transactions, liquidity and indebtedness, fiscal and monetary policy performance, among others.

Data source: www.spglobal.com/ratings/en/

This comprehensive analysis provides evidence of the existence of a debt market for a particular country. Consequently, if a country possesses a sovereign rating from either S&P or Moody's and it has any issues outstanding it will be considered either as Emerging or Developed (if further requirements are satisfied).



2.5. LOCAL CURRENCY CONSIDERATIONS

Additionally, for the local currency universe of Emerging bond markets, further criteria are required, in order to ensure not only the existence of issues outstanding but the tradability of the instruments in international markets.

Therefore, a country will be considered Emerging or Developed (if further requirements are satisfied) for the local currency universe if at least one of its local currency issues is priced and at least one of the local currency issues is cleared by either Euroclear or Clearstream.

2.6. EXTRAORDINARY MARKET CONDITIONS

In certain situations, the classification criteria pursuant to section 2.1 to 2.5 do not reflect the complete economic environment of a bond market (e.g. openness to foreign investors, market infrastructure, etc.) and would lead to an incomplete assessment of a bond market's classification (extraordinary market environment).

In case of an extraordinary market environment additional criteria must be considered when classifying a bond market. As this is a discretionary decision, a committee composed of staff from Solactive AG (the "Committee") is responsible for making reasonable decisions regarding the classification of a country in case an extraordinary market environment exists. Such decision will be made in accordance with the "Solactive Guideline Relating to the Exercise of Expert Judgement or Discretion", which is available on Solactive's website www.solactive.com.



3.BOND MARKET CLASSIFICATION

3.1. DEVELOPED BOND MARKETS

Developed Bond Markets

Australia Latvia Austria Lithuania Belgium Luxembourg Canada Malta Netherlands Croatia Cyprus New Zealand Denmark Norway Estonia Poland **Finland** Portugal France Singapore Germany Slovak Republic Slovenia Greece Hong Kong Spain Ireland Sweden Switzerland Israel Italy **United Kingdom United States** Japan



3.2. HARD CURRENCY EMERGING BOND MARKETS

Hard Currency Universe

	•	
Albania	Georgia	Pakistan
Angola	Ghana	Panama
Argentina	Guatemala	Paraguay
Armenia	Honduras	Peru
Azerbaijan	Hungary	Philippines
Bahamas	Iceland	Qatar
Bahrain	India	Romania
Barbados	Indonesia	Saudi Arabia
Belarus	Iraq	Serbia
Bolivia	Jamaica	South Africa
Brazil	Jordan	Sri Lanka
Bulgaria	Kazakhstan	Taiwan
Cameroon	Kenya	Tajikistan
Chile	Korea Republic	Thailand
China	Kuwait	Trinidad and Tobago
Colombia	Lebanon	Tunisia
Congo Republic	Malaysia	Turkey
Costa Rica	Mauritius	Ukraine
Czech Republic	Mexico	United Arab Emirates
Dominican Republic	Mongolia	Uruguay
Ecuador	Montenegro	Uzbekistan
Egypt	Morocco	Vietnam
El Salvador	Namibia	Zambia
Gabon	Oman	



3.3. LOCAL CURRENCY EMERGING BOND MARKETS

Local Currency Universe

Argentina Malaysia Brazil Mexico Chile Peru China **Philippines** Colombia Romania Costa Rica Saudi Arabia Czech Republic South Africa **Dominican Republic** Taiwan Hungary Thailand Iceland Turkey India Ukraine Indonesia Uruguay Kazakhstan

Korea Republic

4. DISCLAIMER

In classifying countries according to common economic, financial and institutional characteristics, Solactive uses a variety of data sources as set out above. Solactive does not claim or imply that any of said data sources endorse the use of these data. Solactive does not offer any express or implicit guarantee or assurance either with regard to the classification of countries nor the accuracy of the method described herein. To the extent possible, Solactive waives any liability for reliance upon the bond market classification system and its results.



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